

Carthage Character List

1. Hannibal Barca
 - a. A member of the Barcid family, and brother to Hasdrubal and Mago Barca. All are renowned as generals and strategists. Although Hannibal is still young, he has the clear makings of a military genius. It is said that Hannibal has sworn a sacred oath to never be a friend of Rome, and is known that he desires another confrontation with Rome. Since the death of his father Hamilcar, Hannibal has inherited much of the power of the Barcid family and commands the fierce loyalty of his troops.
2. Hasdrubal Barca
 - a. A member of the Barcid family, and brother to Mago and Hannibal Barca. All are renowned as generals and strategists. Like his brother Hannibal, as a young boy he was present at the Siege of Helice where his father Hamilcar died. Afterwards, he fought closely by Hannibal's side and as a result he knows the land of Iberia well and has established connections in the country.
3. Mago Barca
 - a. A member of the Barcid family, and brother to Hasdrubal and Hannibal Barca. All are renowned as generals and strategists. The youngest of the three Barcid brothers, Mago may have less experience but has already demonstrated a knack on the battlefield. As both a cavalry commander and an infantry commander Mago has seen success in both areas.
4. Hasdrubal Gisco
 - a. From the Gisco family, with many contacts within the hundred and four, Hasdrubal Gisco is known for being able to raise large sums of money as well as his experience as a general. While his relative, Hannibal Gisco fought during the First Punic War, and was later executed for his failures, Hasdrubal Gisco seeks to restore his family honor and undue the shame of failure.
5. Syphax
 - a. The king of the Masaesyli, one of two major Numidian tribes, they remain a major power in their own right. Although presently neutral, the Numidian tribes have typically stood by Carthage in their wars. Syphax is rivals with Masinissa, who has recently been crowned king of the Massylii, the other major Numidian tribe, as both seek to be kings of a united Numidian kingdom.
6. Hanno the Elder
 - a. A former Sophet of Carthage, Hanno the elder leads a force of Carthaginian heavy cavalry and is a general in his own right. However, his skills may lie more in political maneuvering than on the battlefield. He is known for being a shrewd negotiator which will be helpful in bringing cities over to Carthage's side in the wars to come.
7. Hasdrubal the Bald
 - a. An important Carthaginian general and noble as well as a member of the hundred and four, Hasdrubal is older and fought briefly in the First Punic War when he was younger. Unlike some other prominent Carthaginians, his activities have been focused on territory closer to home for Carthage, within Africa as well as the islands lost by Carthage in the First Punic War, such as Sardinia, and Sicily.
8. Hampsicora

- a. A prominent Carthaginian landowner originally from Sardinia, he has presently sought refuge in Carthage. However, he remains tied to many local notables in Sardinia and is rumored to have connections to the tribes which remain in the interior of the island. As Sardinia has recently come under Roman control, Hampsicora finds many of his landholdings under threat from greedy Roman senators.
9. Maharbal
 - a. A famous Carthaginian cavalry commander who has worked closely Hannibal Barca, Maharbal is known as one of Carthage's best cavalry commanders. He commands a combined force of Iberian, Numidian, and Punic cavalry who have often given the Carthaginian army an advantage over the Roman army.
 10. Naravas
 - a. A Numidian leader who leads an independent force of mercenaries Naravas' intervention during the Mercenary War was crucial to aiding Carthage during this conflict. Originally Naravas swore allegiance to Hamilcar Barca, however after Hamilcar's death in battle in Spain, Naravas continues to serve Carthage with his mercenaries.
 11. Philip V
 - a. A young king who has only just assumed the throne of Macedon, Philip V is the leader of a powerful kingdom in northern Greece who has shown that he has the potential to be a strong ruler. While Macedon has much potential, as the previous leadership of Alexander the Great showed, it is surrounded by potential enemies and threats. To the east in Anatolia lies Pergamum led by Attalus I, while to the west lies Rome a growing power that seeks regional dominance.
 12. Hanno the Great
 - a. A wealthy aristocratic politician and a prominent Carthaginian politician within the hundred and four Hanno the Great has oftentimes advocated for Carthage's focus to be on Africa, and in securing its home frontier, not on war with Rome. Even during prior wars and conflicts he has oftentimes taken a dovish stance against Rome.
 13. Xanthippus
 - a. An old but veteran Spartan mercenary, Xanthippus has seen more war than most men in a lifetime. He is also a grizzled veteran of the First Punic War who did much to improve Carthaginian battle tactics and their performance against Rome. Xanthippus has been rewarded for his service and continues to serve Carthaginian armies in the field.
 14. Hilernus
 - a. The present King, or regulus, of the Carpetani tribe in central Iberia. Only recently incorporated as Carthaginian vassals, they are a new addition to Carthaginian holdings in Iberia. Hilernus's Carpetani troops provide an important component to Hannibal Barca's armies.
 15. Indibilis
 - a. The brother of Mandonius, they are chieftains of the Illergetes tribe, a powerful tribe in Iberia. They are both presently allied to Carthage and are major leaders amongst the Iberian tribes which support Carthage. They are both interested in ensuring that their tribe remains strong, and prosperous. Indibilis is known to have diplomatic connections across Iberia and is even rumored to have some connections to tribes across the Pyrenees in Gaul.
 16. Mandonius

- a. The brother of Indibilis, they are chieftains of the Illergetes tribe, a powerful tribe in Iberia. They are both presently allied to Carthage and are major leaders amongst the Iberian tribes which support Carthage. They are both interested in ensuring that their tribe remains strong, and prosperous. Mandonius is known to be a skilled proponent of 'guerilla' warfare, using the sometimes-numerically inferior Iberian troops to harass and best superior Roman troops.
17. Himilco
- a. A skilled Carthaginian admiral, he commands a large portion of the Carthaginian fleet and is responsible for Corsica, Sardinia, and Sicily. Due to the generally superior seamanship of Carthaginian sailors, his ships are more maneuverable and quicker than their Roman counterparts.